

SECTION 1: PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT NAME: Easy Fix SYNONYMS: Alcoholic Formalin PRODUCT CODES: ES784

MANUFACTURER: Azer Scientific, Inc. ADDRESS: 701 Hemlock Rd, Morgantown, PA 19543

 CHEMTREC PHONE:
 800-424-9300

 SUPPORT:
 610-524-5810

 FAX:
 610-901-3046

PRODUCT USE: Tissue Fixative PREPARED BY: CB

SECTION 1 NOTES:

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS CLASSIFICATION: Flammable Liquid, Category 2; Acute Toxicity, Oral Category 4; Skin Corrosion/Irritation Category 2; Serious eye damage/irritation Category 1; Skin Sensitization Category 1; Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure Category 3; Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure Category 2; Carcinogenicity Category 1



Signal Word: Danger!

Hazard Phrases	
H226	Flammable liquid and vapor.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H350	May cause cancer.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H373	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Precautionary Phrases	
P202	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P260	Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapors/ spray.
P280	Wear protective gloves/ eye protection/ face protection.
P264	Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
P302+P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.
P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P304+P340	IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.
P333 + P313	If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.



P403+P233	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
P307+P311	IF exposed: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician.

SECTION 2 NOTES:

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

INGREDIENT:	<u>CAS NO.</u>	<u>% WT</u>
Formaldehyde	50-00-0	10
Ethyl Alcohol	64-17-5	<62
Methyl Alcohol	67-56-1	<1
Isopropyl Alcohol	67-63-0	5
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone (MIBK)	108-10-1	1
Maleic Acid	110-16-7	<2
Potassium Hydroxide	1310-58-3	1
Tris	77-86-1	<2
Water	7732-18-5	balance

SECTION 3 NOTES:

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

- EYES: Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Get medical attention immediately.
- SKIN: In case of contact, flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention/advice.
- INGESTION: Call medical doctor or poison control center immediately. Wash out mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
- INHALATION: Move exposed person to fresh air. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get medical attention if you feel unwell.

SECTION 4 NOTES:

SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

FLAMMABILITY OF THE PRODUCT: Flammable liquid FLASH POINT: Not available AUTOIGNITION TEMPERATURE: Not available

- NFPA HAZARD CLASSIFICATION HEALTH:2 FLAMMABILITY: 3 REACTIVITY: 0 OTHER:
- HMIS HAZARD CLASSIFICATION HEALTH:2 FLAMMABILITY: 3 REACTIVITY: 0 PROTECTION: C

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Small fire - use DRY chemical powder. Large fire - use alcohol resistant foam, water spray or fog. NOT SUITABLE: Do not use water jet.



SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES: None known.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: Strong vapors and irritants, carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide SECTION 5 NOTES:

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES:

Small spill and leak: Dilute with water and mop, or absorb with an inert dry material and place in appropriate waste disposal container.

Large spill and leak: Keep away from heat and ignition sources. Stop leak if without risk. Absorb with DRY earth, sand, or other non-combustible material. Avoid skin and eye contact. Prevent entry into sewers, basements or confined areas; dike if needed. Ensure airborne concentrations of formaldehyde do not exceed published exposure limits. Additional protective equipment such as full-face respirator, full body suit and boots may be required. If airborne concentrations of formaldehyde exceed 7.5 ppm, only use SCBA or supplied air respirators.

SECTION 6 NOTES:

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

HANDLING: Avoid contact with eyes and skin. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. If potential for splashing exists, protect skin by using sleeve protectors, aprons and face-shield. Immediately remove contaminated clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling.

STORAGE: Keep containers closed and out of reach of children. Ground all equipment containing material. Store at room temperature.

SECTION 7 NOTES:

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROL/PERSONAL PROTECTION

ENGINEERING CONTROLS: General mechanical ventilation or laboratory fume hood. Ensure that eyewash stations and quick drench showers are close to the workstation.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE MEASURES: Wear gloves, lab coat, eye protection and impervious footwear. Approved/certified respirator if airborne concentrations exceed exposure limits

ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

WORK HYGIENIC PRACTICES: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing.

EXPOSURE GUIDELINES:

OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs):

Reagent	CAS#	OSHA PEL TWA
Formaldehyde	50-00-0	0.75 ppm (Ceiling)
Methyl Alcohol	67-56-1	200ppm (260 mg/m ³)
Ethyl Alcohol	64-17-5	1000 ppm
Isopropyl Alcohol	67-63-0	400 ppm
МІВК	108-10-1	100 ppm
Potassium Hydroxide	1310-58-3	2 mg/m ³



ACGIH Threshold Limit values (TLVs):

Reagent	CAS#	ACGIH PEL TWA	ACGIH STEL
Formaldehyde	50-00-0	0.3 ppm (Ceiling)	2 ppm
Methyl Alcohol	67-56-1	200ppm (260 mg/m ³)	250ppm (328 mg/m ³)
Ethyl Alcohol	64-17-5	1000 ppm	1000 ppm
Isopropyl Alcohol	67-63-0	200 ppm	400 ppm
MIBK	108-10-1	50 ppm	75 ppm

SECTION 8 NOTES:

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

APPEARANCE: Clear, colorless ODOR: Pungent PHYSICAL STATE: liquid pH AS SUPPLIED: 6-7 BOILING POINT: Not available MELTING POINT/FREEZING POINT: Not available VAPOR PRESSURE (mmHg): Not available VAPOR DENSITY (AIR = 1): Not available EVAPORATION RATE: Not available SOLUBILITY IN WATER: Soluble in water MOLECULAR WEIGHT: Mixture VISCOSITY: Not established

SECTION 9 NOTES:

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

STABILITY: Product is stable under normal conditions of use. CONDITIONS TO AVOID (STABILITY): Avoid heat, sparks, flames, and all other sources of ignition. INCOMPATIBILITY (MATERIAL TO AVOID): Reactive with oxidizing materials, acids and alkalis. HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION OR BY-PRODUCTS: Thermal breakdown of this product during fire or very high heat conditions may evolve the following decomposition products: oxides of carbon. HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: No hazardous polymerization CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Heat, open flame

SECTION 10 NOTES:

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ACUTE TOXICITY:

Oral: Methyl Alcohol: LD50 (oral, mouse) = 0.4 g/kg, LD50 (oral, rat) = 6.2-13 g/kg LD50 (oral, rabbit) = 14.4 g/kg
Formaldehyde: LD50 (Oral, mouse) = 42 mg/kg
Ethyl alcohol: LC50 (Oral, rat) = 7060 mg/kg BWT, LDIo (Oral, human) = 1400mg/kg BWT
lsopropyl alcohol: LD50 (oral, rat) = 5,045 mg/kg
MIBK: LD50 (oral, guinea pig) =1600 mg/kg; (oral, mouse) =2671 mg/kg; (oral, rat) =2080 mg/kg
Potassium Hydroxide: LD50 (oral, rat) = 1365 mg/kg
Maleic Acid: LD50 (oral, rat) = 708 mg/kg
Inhalation: Formaldehyde: LC50 (Inhalation, mouse) = 454 mg/m3/4H
Ethyl Alcohol: LC50 (Inhalation, rat) = 20,000 ppm, 10hrs
Methyl Alcohol: LC50 (Inhalation, rat) = 128.2 mg/l 4 hrs; LC50 (Inhalation, rat) = 87.6 mg/l 6 hrs



Isopropyl Alcohol: LC50 (Inhalation, rat) = 72.6 mg/l 8 hrs MIBK: LC50 (Inhalation, Rat) = 8000 ppm 4 hrs Maleic Acid: LC50 >720 mg/kg (Rat) 1hr Dermal LD50: Methyl Alcohol: Rabbit LD50 20 ml/kg Isopropyl Alcohol: Rabbit LD50 =12,800 mg/kg MIBK: Rabbit LD50 >16,000 mg/kg Maleic Acid: LD50 (rabbit) = 1560 mg/kg Skin corrosion/irritation: Formaldehyde: Draize test, rabbit, skin: 2 mg/24H Severe Ethyl Alcohol: Draize test, rabbit, skin: 20 mg/24H Moderate Eyes: Formaldehyde: Draize test, rabbit, eye: 750 ug/24H Severe Ethyl alcohol: Draize test, rabbit, eye: 500 mg/24H Reaction - Mild Rabbit, eye: 500 mg Reaction - Severe Isopropyl Alcohol: Mildly irritating to the eye at airborne concentrations of 400 ppm, unpleasant at 800 ppm. Respiratory or skin sensitization: Isopropyl alcohol: Rabbit = Mild skin irritation Germ cell mutagenicity: No data available Carcinogenicity: (NTP, IARC, OSHA): Formaldehyde: NIOSH: Classified proven ACGIH: Classified A2(suspected for human) NTP: Classified 2(Reasonably anticipated) IARC: Classified A2(Probable for human) Methanol: Not classified as a human carcinogen. Ethanol: Not classified as a human carcinogen Isopropanol: Not classified as a human carcinogen MIBK: IARC: 2B - Group 2B: Possibly carcinogenic to humans (4-Methylpentan-2-one)

Aspiration hazard: no data available

POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS

EYES: Hazardous in case of eye contact (irritant). May cause chemical conjunctivitis or corneal damage. SKIN: Hazardous in case of skin contact (irritant, corrosive, sensitizer). May cause skin sensitization which becomes evident upon re-exposure. Skin inflammation is characterized by itching, scaling, reddening or occasionally blistering. INGESTION: May be toxic if swallowed. May cause dizziness and drowsiness if ingested. INHALATION: Hazardous in case of inhalation (lung irritant and sensitizer). Inhalation of spray mist may produce severe irritation of respiratory tract characterized by coughing, choking or shortness of breath. May cause asthmatic attacks due to allergic sensitization.

CHRONIC HEALTH HAZARDS: Effects may be delayed. Formaldehyde has been associated with nasopharyngeal cancers. Repeated exposure may cause skin discoloration and nail decay. Inhalation may worsen conditions such as emphysema or bronchitis. Repeated skin exposure may cause defatting of the skin.

MEDICAL CONDITIONS GENERALLY AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE: Dermatitis, emphysema, bronchitis and conjunctivitis.

SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS OF EXPOSURE: Irritation eyes, skin, nose, mucous membrane; headache, dermatitis ROUTES OF ENTRY: Skin/eye contact, inhalation TARGET ORGANS: Respiratory system

SECTION 11 NOTES:

DANGER! CONTAINS FORMALDEHYDE - POTENTIAL CANCER HAZARD. REPEATED OR PROLONGED EXPOSURE INCREASES RISK. HIGHLY TOXIC BY INHALATION AND IF SWALLOWED. IRRITATING TO EYES, RESPIRATORY SYSTEM AND SKIN. MAY CAUSE SENSITIZATION BY INHALATION OR SKIN CONTACT. RISK OF ACUTE DAMAGE TO EYES. KEEP CONTAINER CLOSED, USE WITH ADEQUATE VENTILLATION. TARGET ORGANS: SKIN, EYES, RESPIRATORY TRACT. FOR LABORATORY USE ONLY.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ECOLOGICAL TOXICITY:

Formaldehyde 50-00-0: LC50 Pimephales promelas (Fathead minnow) 24.1 mg/L/96 hr

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Ethyl Alcohol 64-17-5 Acute Fish Toxicity: LC50 / 96 HOUR Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout) >10,000 mg/l LC50 / 96 HOUR Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow) > 13,400 mg/l **Toxicity to Aquatic Plants:** Growth Inhibition / 96 HOURS Chlorella vulgaris (fresh water algae) 1,000 mg/l Toxicity to microorganisms: Toxicity Threshold / Pseudomonas putida 6,500 mg/l Summary: Inhibition of cell multiplication begins. Isopropyl Alcohol 67-63-0 Acute Fish Toxicity: LC50 / 96 hours Pimephales promelas: 9,640 mg/L Toxic to Daphnia and Other Aquatic Invertebrates: EC50 / 24 h / Water Flea - 5,102 mg/L Toxicity to Aquatic Plants EC50 / 72 hours Desmodesmus subspicatus > 2,000 mg/L Toxicity to Daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: Immobilization EC50 / 24 h / Water Flea - 6,851 mg/L Methyl Alcohol 67-56-1 Acute Fish Toxicity: LC50 / 96 hours Lepomis macrocirus: 15,400 mg/L / LC50 / 96 hours Fathead minnow: 29,400 mg/L Toxic to Daphnia and Other Aquatic Invertebrates: EC50 / 48 h / Water Flea - >10,000.00 mg/L **Toxicity to Aquatic Plants:** EC50 / 96 hours Scenedesmus capricornutum 22,000 mg/L

PERSISTANCE AND DEGRADABILITY: Biodegradation is expected BIOACCUMULATIVE POTENTIAL: Bioaccumulation is unlikely. MOBILITY IN SOIL: No data available PBT and vPvB ASSESSMENT: Not required.

SECTION 12 NOTES:

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD: Unused product: dispose as a regulated hazardous waste. Spent product or spill clean up-follow all provincial, local, state, and federal regulations. RCRA HAZARD CLASS: U122

SECTION 13 NOTES:

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION: UN No. UN1987 Proper Shipping Name: ALCOHOLS, N.O.S. (ETHANOL, ISOPROPANOL, METHANOL) Hazard Class:3 Packing Group: II Label Statement: Flammable liquid

IMDG

UN No. UN1987 Proper Shipping Name: ALCOHOLS, N.O.S. (ETHANOL, ISOPROPANOL, METHANOL) Hazard Class:3 Packing Group: II EMS-No: F-E, S-D Marine pollutant: No



IATA

UN No. UN1987 Proper Shipping Name: ALCOHOLS, N.O.S. (ETHANOL, ISOPROPANOL, METHANOL) Hazard Class:3 Packing Group: II

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

United States

HCS Classification: Flammable liquid, Highly toxic material, irritating material, target organ effects U.S. Federal regulations:

TSCA 8(a) IUR: Listed on inventory. United States inventory (TSCA 8b): Listed on inventory. SARA 302/304/311/312 extremely hazardous substances: No products were found. SARA 302/304 emergency planning and notification: No products were found. SARA 302/304/311/312 hazardous chemicals: No products were found. SARA 311/312 MSDS distribution - chemical inventory - hazard identification: Acute Health Hazard; Chronic Health Hazard; Flammable SARA 313 Form R - Reporting: The following components are subject to reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313: METHANOL (CAS# 67-56-1) FORMALDEHYDE (CAS# 50-00-0)

DEA List I & II Chemicals

(Precursor Chemicals): MIBK CAS#108-10-1

CERCLA: Methanol CAS-No. 67-56-1. RQ: 5,000 lbs; The RQ for the product (based on the RQ for Formaldehyde (6% maximum)) of 100 lbs, is 1,666 lbs. Report spills required under federal, state, and local regulations.

RTK STATES: Methyl Alcohol CAS# 67-56-1 CT, MA, NJ, PA, RI Formaldehyde CAS# 50-00-0 CA, NJ, PA, MN, MA Ethanol CAS# 64-17-5 MN, FL, MA, NJ, PA, RI MIBK CAS# 108-10-1 MN, FL, MA, NJ, PA, RI Potassium Hydroxide CAS# 1310-58-3 MA, NJ, PA, RI, MN Maleic Acid CAS#110-16-7 MA, NJ, PA

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including Formaldehyde, Methanol and MIBK which are known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to <u>www.P65Warnings.ca.gov</u>.

CANADA	
WHMIS (Canada):	Class D1-A: Materials causing immediate and serious toxic effects.
	Class D2-A: Very toxic material
	Class B-2: Flammable liquid
Canadian lists:	CEPA Toxic substances: The following components are listed: Formaldehyde
	Canadian ARET: None of the components are listed.
	Canadian NPRI: The following components are listed: Formaldehyde, Methanol
	Volatile organic compounds

CEPA DSL / CEPA NDSL:

All components are listed or exempted.

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the MSDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations.

International regulations International lists:

Australia inventory (AICS): All components are listed or exempted.



China inventory (IECSC): All components are listed or exempted. Japan inventory: All components are listed or exempted. Korea inventory: All components are listed or exempted. New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): All components are listed or exempted. Philippines inventory (PICCS): All components are listed or exempted.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA)



DISCLAIMER: This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared in accordance with the Globally Harmonized System for the Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS). To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above named supplier nor any of its subsidiaries makes any warranty of merchantability or any other warranty, expressed or implied, which respect to such information, and we assume no liability resulting from its use. In no event shall Azer Scientific be liable for any claims, losses, or damages of any third party or for lost profits or any special, indirect, incidental, consequential or exemplary damages resulting from use of or reliance upon this information.

PREPARATION INFORMATION: Prepared 12/2012, Rev. 1. Revision 2: Change address of manufacturer. Add GHS compliant pictograms. 12/9/2015 Reviewed: 06/19/2017 Revised: 07/26/2018 Updated Prop 65 warning. REV3

Revised: 09/03/2019 Component information REV4